## HERITAGE COMMUNITY CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

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Report on Audited
Basic
Financial Statements
and
Additional Information

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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## Title Page

#### **Board of Trustees**

Josh Gregory Chairman

Robb MacDonald Vice Chairman

Tamara Strikwerda Secretary

TJ Frans Treasurer

Richard Hammond Director

Sheri Blaidsell Director

Martin Flaherty Director

#### **Administrators**

Javier Castaneda Executive Director

Marc Carignan Business Manager





#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.
Caldwell, Idaho

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. (the Charter), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities**

Management has not performed the actuarial calculations for other post-employment benefits for the governmental activities and, accordingly, has not considered the Charter's other post-employment benefit liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a liability be recorded for other post-employment benefits, which would decrease net assets, increase liabilities, and increase expenses in the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect net assets, liabilities, and expenses in the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc., as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Unmodified Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc., as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of the Charter's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of Charter contributions on pages 28 to 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with

sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Heritage Community School, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2016, on our consideration the Charter's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Millington Zwygart CPAs, PLLC

Caldwell, Idaho August 22, 2016

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	379,617
Receivables, Net:		
Intergovernmental		212,849
Capital Assets:		
Equipment, Net		6,626
Total Capital Assets		6,626
Total Assets		599,092
Deferred Outflows		
Pension Related Items		375,618
Total Deferred Outflows		375,618
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		65,622
Salaries and Benefits Payable		195,767
Total Current		261,389
Non-current Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		574,252
Total Non-current Liabilities		574,252
Total Liabilities		835,641
Deferred Inflows		
Pension Related Items		370,401
Total Deferred Inflows	-	370,401
		<u> </u>
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		6,626
Restricted for Special Revenue		46,065
Unrestricted Surplus (Deficit)		(284,023)
Total Net Position	\$	(231,332)
	<u> </u>	(201,002)

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30,2016

	Expenses	Program Revenues  Charges for Operating Capital Services Grants and Grants and Expenses and Sales Contributions Contributions				
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 1,426,844	\$ -	\$ 186,000	\$ -	\$ (1,240,844)	
Support Services	1,188,258	-	-	-	(1,188,258)	
Food Services	207,874	29,205	_		(178,669)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,822,976	\$ 29,205	\$ 186,000	\$ -	(2,607,771)	
General Revenues: State Sources 2,905,888						
Earnings on Investments						
Other						
Total General Revenues and Special Items Change in Net Position						
	<u>298,694</u> (530,026)					
Net Position, Beginning						
	Net Position, End of Year					

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

			_	Other	_	Total
	,	Sanaral	Governmental		Governmental	
Acceto		<u>General</u>	-	Funds		Funds
Assets	Φ	000 500	Φ	57.040	Φ	070 047
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net:	\$	322,568	\$	57,049	\$	379,617
Intergovernmental		77,241		135,608		212,849
Internal Balances		99,716		-		99,716
Total Assets	\$	499,525	\$	192,657	\$	692,182
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Internal Balances	\$	-	\$	99,716	\$	99,716
Accounts Payable		40,273		25,349		65,622
Salaries and Benefits Payable		174,240		21,527		195,767
Total Liabilities		214,513		146,592		361,105
				_		_
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		-		46,065		46,065
Unassigned		285,012				285,012
Total Fund Balances		285,012		46,065		331,077
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	499,525	\$	192,657	\$	692,182

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 331,077

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.
Those assets consist of:

Equipment, Net of \$14,548 Accum. Depreciation

6,626

The District participates in the Public Employer Retirment System of Idaho, which is a cost-sharing plan. As a participant they are required to report their share of the Net Pension Liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows on their Statment of Net Position.

Net Pension Liaiblity\$ (574,252)Pension Related Deferred Inflows(370,401)Pension Related Deferred Outflows375,618

(569,035)

Total Net Position-Governmental Activities

\$ (231,332)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30,2016

		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues			
State Sources	\$ 2,584,058	\$ 321,830	\$ 2,905,888
Grants and Contributions	2,427	183,573	186,000
Earnings on Investment	577	-	577
Other		29,205	29,205
Total Revenues	2,587,062	534,608	3,121,670
Expenditures Current:			
Instruction	1,233,320	246,213	1,479,533
Support Services	1,100,187	53,872	1,154,059
Food Service		207,874	207,874
Total Expenditures	2,333,507	507,959	2,841,466
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	253,555	26,649	280,204
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer In	11,002	2,129	13,131
Transfer Out	(2,129)	(11,002)	(13,131)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,873	(8,873)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	262,428	17,776	280,204
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,584	28,289	50,873
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 285,012	\$ 46,065	\$ 331,077

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30,2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	280,204		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:				
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:				
Capital Outlay \$ - Depreciation (2,846)	<u> </u>	(2,846)		
The District participates in the Public Employer Retirment System of Idaho, which is a cost-sharing plan. As a participant they are required to report their share of the Net Pension Liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows on their Statment of Net Position. The changes in the Net Pension Liability and the related deferred inflows				

\$ 298,694

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2016

#### **Assets**

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,689
Total Assets	 24,689
Liabilites	
Due to Student Groups	 24,689
Total Liabilities	 24,689
Net Position	\$ _

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. (the Charter) was organized on March 18, 2011, and is governed by a Board of Directors, which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the Charter. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Charter. The Charter receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Charter is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the Charter's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards.

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the Charter. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Charter's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.
- Indirect expenses—expenses of the general government related to the
  administration and support of the Charter's programs, such as personnel and
  accounting (but not interest on long-term debt)—are allocated to programs based
  on their percentage of total primary government expenses. Interest expenses
  are allocated to the programs that manage the capital assets financed with longterm debt.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services
  offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to
  meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.
  Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all state formula
  aid, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Charter's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Charter reports the following major governmental funds:

 General fund. This is the Charter's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Charter, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Charter receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Charter considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Transfers, proceeds of general long-term liabilities, and acquisitions under capital leases are reported under other financing sources and uses.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Funds

Different measurement focuses and bases of accounting are used in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

The Charter uses the following fund balance categories in the governmental fund Balance Sheet:

- Nonspendable. Balances, for example, in permanent funds, prepaid expenditures, and inventories that are permanently precluded from conversion to cash.
- Restricted. Balances constrained to a specific purpose by enabling legislation, external parties, or constitutional provisions.
- Unassigned. Balances available for any purpose.

The remaining fund balance classifications (committed and assigned) are either not applicable or no formal policy has yet been established to be able to utilize such classifications of fund balance. However, if there had been committed funds, these amounts would have been decided by the Board of Directors, the Charter's highest level of decision making authority, through a formal action. The Board of Directors would also have the authority to assign funds or authorize another official to do so.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Charter funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance available to finance the program. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Charter's intent to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

There is also no formal policy regarding the use of committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances. However, it is the Charter's intent that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the Charter considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

All special revenue funds are restricted by private outside parties, the federal government, or the State of Idaho and must be spent according to the stipulations of the private outside party or the corresponding federal or state program.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Assets and Liabilities

#### Cash Equivalents

The Charter requires all cash belonging to the Charter to be placed in custody of the Clerk/Business Manager. A "Pooled Cash" concept is therefore used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount. The Charter considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents. See Note 2.

#### Receivables

All trade and intergovernmental receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Charter believes all receivables are collectible, thus no allowance has been established.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are shown below.

	Capitalization Policy	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Equipment	\$ 4,000	Straight-line	2-10 years

An exception to the capitalization threshold includes assets acquired with debt. All of these assets are to be capitalized, regardless of cost.

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

The Charter has no infrastructure to report.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Charter provides sick leave and personal leave to the full-time certified employees. The estimated amount of compensation for further amounts is believed to be immaterial and accordingly no liability has been recorded.

#### Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent debts that will be paid in the next billing cycle. Accounts payable are not over 60 days past due.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. CASH

#### Deposits

As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Charter's deposits was \$404,157 and the respective bank balances totaled \$417,639. \$250,000 of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging institution in the name of the Charter.

#### Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Charter's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2016, \$167,639 of the Charter's deposits were not covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Charter's agent or

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 2. CASH (continued)

pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Charter, and thus were exposed to custodial credit risk. The Charter does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure to custodial credit risk. The Charter also keeps \$150 petty cash on hand.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The Charter follows Idaho Statute that outlines qualifying investment options as follows:

Idaho Code authorizes the Charter to invest any available funds in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Treasury, the State of Idaho, local Idaho municipalities and taxing districts, the Farm Credit System, or Idaho public corporations, as well as time deposit accounts and repurchase agreements.

However, the Charter did not have any investments as of June 30, 2016.

At year-end, the cash accounts were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Go	vernmental	Fiduciary	
		Activities	Funds	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	379,617	\$ 24,689	\$ 404,306

#### 3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Charter expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Charter is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including, but not limited to, a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liabilities, i.e. errors and omissions, d) environmental damage, and e) worker's compensation, i.e. employee injuries. Commercial insurance policies are purchased to transfer the risk of loss for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Е	Balance				B	alance	
	6/	30/2015	Additions		Disposals		6/30/2016	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Being Depreciate	_		_				_	
Equipment	\$	21,174	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	21,174
Total Historical Cost		21,174				_		21,174
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	n							
Equipment		11,702		2,846				14,548
Total Acc. Depr.		11,702		2,846				14,548
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	9,472	\$	(2,846)	\$	_	\$	6,626

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the Charter as follows:

Governmental Activities: Support Services

\$ 2,846

#### 6. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Charter has operating leases for two copiers and for a building. None of the leases allow any subletting or assignments without prior written consent from the lessor. The only exception for the building lease is that a portion of the building may be sublet for the operation of a privately funded pre-kindergarten. The building may be purchased at fair market value at any time during the term of the lease. The copiers may be purchased at fair market value at the end of the lease terms. All leases require monthly payments. Month-to month payments may continue at the end of the lease terms for the copiers and there is a five year lease extension available at the end of the building lease.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 6. LEASE COMMITMENTS (continued)

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30,	Amount			
2017	\$ 444,187			
2018	435,164			
2019	583,790			
2020	587,312			
2021	590,964			
2022-2026	3,090,474			
2027-2031	3,329,318			
2032-2036	3,586,622			
	\$ 12,647,831			

Rent expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$384,069.

#### 7. INTERNAL BALANCES

Balance due between funds consisted of the following:

Due to the General Fund from nonmajor funds for expenditures that were made in \$99,716 advance of Federal or State reimbursements.

#### 8. TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

\$ 11,002 From nonmajor governmental funds to the General fund for reimbursement of operating expenses.

From the General fund to nonmajor governmental funds for reimbursment of operating expenses.

\$ 13,131

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 9. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Amounts due from other governments consist of \$77,241, as a reimbursement from the State of Idaho for school support and \$135,608 due from the federal government and passed through the state as a reimbursement for various federal programs.

#### 10. PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

Heritage Community Charter School contributes to the Base Plan which is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42,657
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,859
Active plan members	67,008
	121,524

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by stature at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2016 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. Heritage Community Charter School's contributions were \$143,364 the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, Heritage Community Charter School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Heritage Community Charter School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on Heritage Community Charter School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

employers. At July 1, 2015, Heritage Community Charter School's proportion was 0.0436084 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Heritage Community Charter School recognized pension revenue of \$114,433. At June 30, 2016, Heritage Community Charter School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ -	\$ 68,840
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	20,913	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	211,341	301,560
Heritage Community Charter School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	143,364	
Total	\$ 375,618	\$ 370,400

\$143,364 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2014, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, is 5.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

	For the Year	
_	Ended June 30:	PERSI
	2017	(58,906)
	2018	(58,906)
	2019	(58,906)
	2020	42,755
	2021	(4,184)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25 – 10.00%

Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expense

Cost-of-living 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term				
		Target	Expected Real				
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Rate of Return				
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%				
Broad US Equities	Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%				
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI ACWI ex USA	15.00%	7.55%				
Assumed Inflation - Mean			3.25%				
Assumed Inflation - Standard							
Deviation			2.00%				
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return			8.42%				
			5				
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Geomet	ric Rate of Return		7.50%				
Assumed Investment Expenses	Assumed Investment Expenses						
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate	e of Return, Net of Investment Ex	penses	7.10%				

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,398,668	\$ 574,252	\$ (111,142)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

#### 12. OTHER COMMITMENTS

The Charter has two credit cards with a credit limit of \$15,000 total. \$13,839 of the credit was available for use as of June 30, 2016.



Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule General For the Year Ended June 30,2016

	Budgeted	l Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance		
Revenues						
State Sources	\$ 2,537,653	\$ 2,537,653	\$ 2,584,058	\$ 46,405		
Grants and Contributions	500	500	2,427	1,927		
Earnings on Investment	300	300	577	277		
Other						
Total Revenues	2,538,453	2,538,453	2,587,062	48,609		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	1,132,139	1,132,139	1,233,320	(101,181)		
Support Services	1,188,053	1,188,053	1,100,187	87,866		
Food Service	-	-	-	-		
Contingency Reserve	218,261	218,261		218,261		
Total Expenditures	2,538,453	2,538,453	2,333,507	204,946		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures			253,555	253,555		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	-	-	11,002	11,002		
Transfers Out			(2,129)	(2,129)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			8,873	8,873		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	262,428	262,428		
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	-	22,584	22,584		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285,012	\$ 285,012		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Charter follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements in future years:

- A. Prior to June 1, the Executive Director and the Board of Directors prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage at a board meeting.
- D. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all the funds.
- E. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- F. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or amended by the Board of Directors.

## Schedule of the Charter's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

## Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho

Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

	2016		2015
Charter proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0436084%	(	0.0431586%
Charter's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 574,252	\$	317,715
Charter's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,266,462	\$	1,221,460
Charter's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	45.34%		26.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.38%		94.95%

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2015

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. will present information for those years for which information is available.

## Schedule of Charter Contributions

## Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho

Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

		2016			2015	
Contractually required contributions	\$	143,3	864	\$	138,2	269
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		143,3	864		138,2	269
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$			\$		
Charter's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	1,266,4	162	\$ 1	,221,4	160
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.3	32%		11.3	32%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. will present information for those years for which information is available.



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Lunaria Khan								
	L	eague	(	Grant	Technology	Dr	ug Free		Title I
Assets									
Cash	\$	5,569	\$	-	\$ 25,027	\$	9,283	\$	-
Receivables, Net: Intergovernmental				-			-		63,398
Total Assets	\$	5,569	\$	-	\$ 25,027	\$	9,283	\$	63,398
Liabilities									
Internal Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	47,763
Accounts Payable		-		-	5,779		-		-
Salaries Payable				-			-		15,635
Total Liabilities				-	5,779		-		63,398
Fund Balance									
Restricted		5,569		-	19,248		9,283		-
Unassigned				-			-		-
Total Fund Balances		5,569		-	19,248		9,283		-
Total Liabilities and	Φ	F F00	Φ		Ф об ост	Φ	0.000	Φ	00.000
Fund Balances	\$	5,569	\$		\$ 25,027	\$	9,283	\$	63,398

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)
June 30, 2016

	T	itle VI-B	Imp	provement	Foo	od Service	Total		
Assets	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	47.470	Φ.	F7.040	
Cash Receivables, Net:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,170	\$	57,049	
Intergovernmental		29,899		42,311				135,608	
Total Assets	\$	29,899	\$	42,311	\$	17,170	\$	192,657	
Liabilities									
Internal Balances	\$	10,329	\$	41,624	\$	-	\$	99,716	
Accounts Payable		19,570		-		-		25,349	
Salaries Payable Total Liabilities		29,899		687 42,311		5,205 5,205		21,527 146,592	
		· · · · · ·		,		,		,	
Fund Balance Restricted		_		_		11,965		46,065	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		-		-		11,965		46,065	
Total Liabilities and									
Fund Balances	\$	29.899	\$	42.311	\$	17.170	\$	192.657	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30,2016

	unaria eague	Khan Grant	Te	chnology	Dru	ug Free	Title I
Revenues							
State Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$	33,173	\$	8,368	\$ 181,990
Grants and Contributions	-	-		-		-	-
Other	-						
Total Revenues		 		33,173		8,368	181,990
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction							
Salaries	-	-		-		-	148,984
Services	-	-		12,365		-	9,000
Supplies	 -	1,190				9	9,218
Total Instruction	-	1,190		12,365		9	167,202
Support Services							
Salaries	-	-		10,000		-	-
Services	-	-		-		-	-
Supplies	 -	 -		14,281		-	
Total Support Services	-	 -		24,281			
Food Service							
Salaries	-	-		-		-	-
Services	-	-		-		-	-
Supplies	 	 					
Total Food Service	 	 1 100					
Total Expenditures	 	 1,190		36,646		9	167,202
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	_	(1,190)		(3,473)		8,359	14,788
P. C. C.		(1,100)		(0,110)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	-	-		-		-	-
Transfers Out	 	-					(9,172)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	_		_		_	(9,172)
		(4.400)		(0. 170)		0.050	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(1,190)		(3,473)		8,359	5,616
Fund Balances - Beginning	 5,569	 1,190		22,721		924	(5,616)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,569	\$ 	\$	19,248		9,283	<u>\$</u> -

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30,2016

		Teacher		
	Title VI-B	Improvement	Food Service	Total
Revenues				
State Sources	\$ 29,899	\$ 68,400	\$ -	\$ 321,830
Grants and Contributions	-	<u>-</u>	183,573	183,573
Other	-	-	29,205	29,205
Total Revenues	29,899	68,400	212,778	534,608
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction				
Salaries	7,963	-	-	156,947
Services	535	37,378	-	59,278
Supplies	19,571			29,988
Total Instruction	28,069	37,378		246,213
Support Services				
Salaries	-	29,591	-	39,591
Services	-	-	-	-
Supplies				14,281
Total Support Services		29,591		53,872
Food Service				
Salaries	-	-	73,091	73,091
Services	-	-	2,412	2,412
Supplies			132,371	132,371
Total Food Service			207,874	207,874
Total Expenditures	28,069	66,969	207,874	507,959
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	1,830	1,431	4,904	26,649
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	-	279	1,850	2,129
Transfers Out	(1,830)	_	, -	(11,002)
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	(1,830)	279	1,850	(8,873)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,710	6,754	17,776
Fund Balances - Beginning		(1,710)	5,211	28,289
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,965	\$ 46,065







# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors
Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.
Caldwell, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2016.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the following paragraph.

2016-001: Publishing Budget

Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. did no publish the budget in the local paper as required by state statute.

2016-002: Time and Effort Reporting

OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements require that there are policies and procedures in place to ensure that personnel costs are charged to federal grants and programs in compliance with the time and effort reporting requirements. Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. had policies and procedures in place that were acceptable per the prior federal rules, but these polices were not updated to comply with the new guidance.

## Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s Response to Findings

Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s response to findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management's response to findings. Heritage Community Charter School, Inc.'s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Millington Zwygast CPAs, PLLC

Caldwell, Idaho August 22, 2016

Management's Response to Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

2016-001: Publishing Budget

Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. has put controls in place to make sure that the budget is published in the local paper on time as required by state statute.

2016-002: Time and Effort Reporting

Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. has had policies and procedures in place for timekeeping and recording. The State Department of Education provided guidance and opinion that salaried employees charged to multiple programs should track their hours specifically to projects, as opposed to using percentages based on their projected/expected workload. Until last year, this methodology was acceptable and common practice, and our documentation was acceptable. The School has proactively secured time tracking software and are in the process of implementing it for the next fiscal year to allow for granular time tracking. Upgrading the time keeping system required significant investment of time and funds. The School believes that the existing policies and procedures provided materially correct cost allocation.

If there are any questions on management's response to findings please contact Heritage Community Charter School, Inc. at (208) 453-8070.